



MASTER PLAN OPPORTUNITIES

Opportunities and Special Places

Bob and Crystal Rilee Park is a legacy landscape with significant historic and ecological resources. Overall the area supports a high quality landscape experience that includes Oregon White Oak clusters at the edges of the farm fields which provides an unspoiled landscape quality that is representative of a picturesque pastoral setting. This setting highlights the topographical folds of the land exemplifying the drainage patterns and views. The views highlight strong contrasting colors of the dark green agricultural cover crops emphasizing the architecture of the Oak stands and the linear edges of the neighboring conifer forests.

Legacy Oregon White Oaks populate the site in clusters. These Oak trees are very old in age and are distinct in their vertical form. They are significant as they provide a transition between the fields. They also provide a glimpse of the historic oaks that once filled the Willamette Valley.

The geographic location on the top of Parrett Mountain is distinct as the topography falls away from the high point on three sides. The high point of the site is located at the north edge of Burt's 80 Field. From this location, views are available to the Coast Range to the west, the Willamette valley to the south and to Mount Hood to the East.

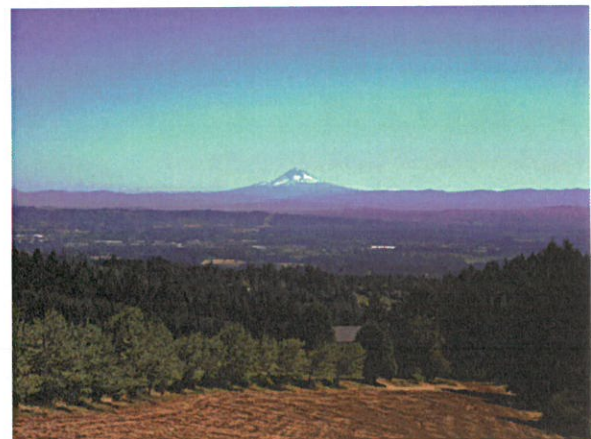
Other ecological attributes of significances are the hidden perennial stream and wetlands

located to the north of the farm house at the bottom of the forested gully. Three ephemeral streams feed the wetland from above. The wetland is currently hidden behind a blackberry bramble at its edges adjacent to the trail. As the wetland sits in a depression at the toe of the slope adjacent to the trail and the stream it provides a serene enclosed setting of which should be highlighted.

Bobs corner is located across the road from the junction of Curtis Field and Dani's field. The picnic area is situated within an Oak Grove. The site is also a memorial to Bob Rilee and his life on the land.



Bob's Corner



View Of Mt. Hood From The High Point



Legend

- Existing Trails
- Views
- Special Place

OPPORTUNITIES AND SPECIAL PLACES

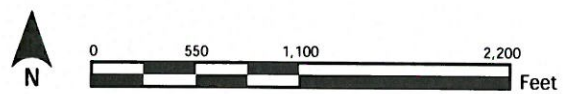


Figure 6

Existing Trails

Bob and Crystal Rilee Park is a working farm and equestrian trail destination. The trails wind their way through the surrounding forest, hug the perimeter of the agricultural fields and penetrate through the legacy Oak groves.

Trails are accessed from three informal trailheads at the Old School House, Upper Dani's Field and the Homestead. The trailheads are marked by small Century Farm signs hanging on gates along with trail rules communicating regulations to the users. The trail system is completely enclosed within an agricultural fence and users access the trail through a series of gates at these trailheads.

The southern and western trails are linked as a contiguous system, blending from one trail to the next. The primary trails provide the main circulation routes and the secondary trails provide connections between upper and lower segments.

Trails are identified through a series of named engraved wooden signs attached to round wooden posts. The signs are in a variety of conditions. In some instances the engraving is wearing off making the signs not illegible, while others are completely missing.

Forest trails wind their way through the south and western sections varying from 2 to 6 feet in width and range from flat to very steep alignments. Trails are natural surfaces and have been compacted through historic use.

These trails were cleared and grubbed and surfaces were not graded. Trail impacts are mostly evident on steep slopes and in wet seep conditions. Steep conditions are showing signs of erosion and rutting due to water flow down the center and edges of the trail.

Flat wet sections of the trails are uneven due to equestrian use during wet times of the year. Throughout the site the trails cross over a number of creeks. Some creeks are protected by culverts and one small bridge while others are open water crossings. At open water locations there are significant impacts to the creek bed and erosion is occurring along the edges.

The agriculture field loop trails are located within a 10 foot buffer between the edges of the agricultural crop and the forest. The trail surface has not been formally prepared and compacted to support the usage. The natural surface is soft and uneven and seems to be graded as part of the agricultural rotation and not specifically for trails.

These trails offer beautiful views across the fields highlighting the topographical folds of the landscape back dropped by legacy Oregon White Oak stand in the background.



Legend

- Existing Trails
- Entry Gate

TRAIL AND ACCESS MAP

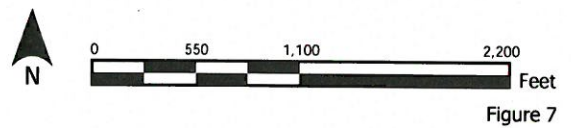


Figure 7

A series of unnamed trails were identified in the north portion of the property. These trails wind their way through intact second growth forest along old skid roads to an old pump house and back up to the upper field towards Bob's Corner.

Trail surfaces are significantly intact due to the historic logging uses on the skid roads. These trails bases are firm and show no sign of erosion. Significant interest along these sections of trails are a perennial creek, wetland seep, legacy fir trees, dense native understory vegetation and topographic relief.

In support of the main trail alignment there are user created walking trails that scurry up the steep slopes linking upper and lower portions of the main trail. These trails are 18 -24 inches wide and are compacted native surfaces.

Trail alignments and circulations routes lead users to places of special interest and provide opportunities to experience both a natural and working agricultural landscape setting. The trails provide opportunities to highlight views across the landscape into the Willamette valley, out to the Coast Range Mountains and into east to Mount Hood.

As the trail system is a destination for the equestrian users there has been interest in expanding opportunities to hikers and mountain biking. The neighboring community walks the existing trail; however, the trails are in poor condition for hiking. It is evident that there are opportunities to develop secondary trails or improve surfaces to support shared recreation modalities.



Forest Lower Loop Trail



Trail Signage



Trail



Trail



Curtis Lower Loop Trail

Century Farm And Gardens

Infrastructure:

The property is located on SW Parrett Mountain Road, a two lane road. Domestic water is available from two ground water wells on site. Sewage disposal is by septic tank and drain fields. The site is served by overhead electric lines and fire protection is from the Newberg Rural Fire Protection District.



Farm House



Hand Pump Well At Windmill



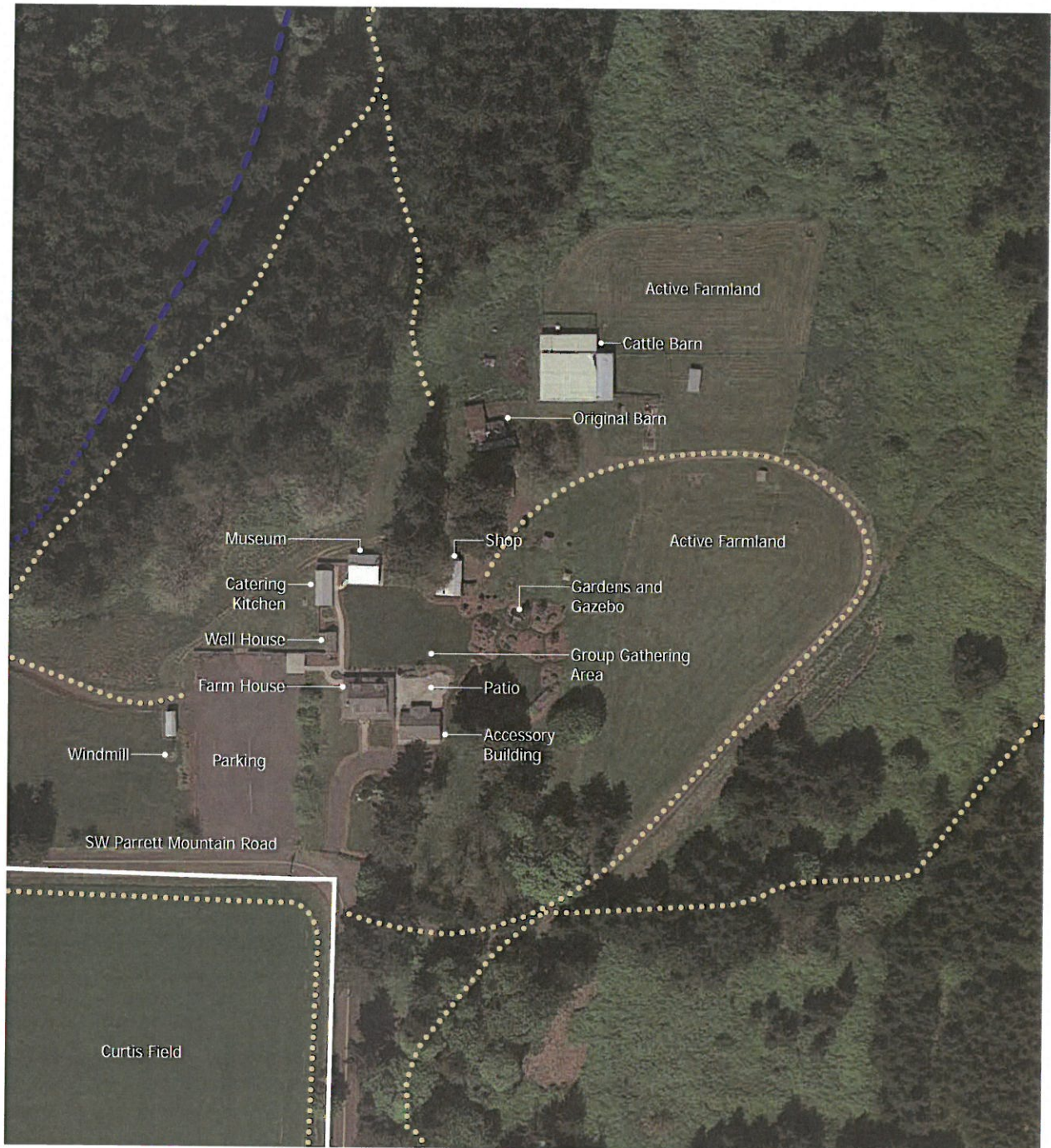
Gazebo And Garden



Wagon - Came With The Farm



Well House, Commercial Kitchen, and Museum



Legend

- Existing Trails
- Ephemeral Creek
- - - - - Intermittent Creek

CENTURY FARM AND GARDENS

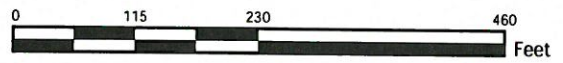


Figure 8

Next Steps

This Environmental Site Analysis Report is the first step in developing a master plan for the property. Subsequent steps to determine the future use of the park will be on going and may include:

- Public Meetings to share Park District's goals and seek input from neighbors and the community.
- Develop an Environmental Management Plan
 - Control of invasive species, especially blackberry
 - Protection of the water resources on site
 - Identify priority areas for restoration
- Form a consortium with other park districts to share programs for living history farms and historic preservation.
- Master Plan – Develop a master plan with phased implementation, including:
 - Create a Development and Operational Plan
 - Trail use programming. Planning to accommodate all users including equestrian, hiking and biking.
 - Identify main trails for improvement and highest priority maintenance.
 - Programming of homestead facility use and future improvements.
- Develop trail connections to regional trail networks.



APPENDIX

Well Logs

- [Main](#)
- [Return](#)
- [Help](#)
- [Contact Us](#)

Oregon Water Resources Department
Well Log Query Report

Well Log Query Results gfs points, where available are at the far right of the table. Click link to view on map

Township: 3 S, Range: 2 W, Sections: 24

Well Log	T-R-S/ Q-Q-Q	Taxlot	Street of Well	Owner	Company	Special Standards	Well Type	First Water	Completed Depth	Static Water Level	Yield	Completed Date	Received Date	Bonded Constructor	Starcard	Well Id #	New	Abandon	Deepen	Alteration	Conversion	Domestic	Community	Livestock	Industrial	Injection	Thermal	De-watering	Piezometer	Latitude/ Longitude					
YAMH 2541	3.00S-2.00W-24			CARTER, ART 1907 N COLLEGE PO BOX 386 NEWBERG OR 97132			W	80.00	135.00	45.0	100.0	11/23/1971	11/29/1971	HUFFMAN, HARLEN M ARROW DRILLING INC.			✓																		
YAMH 1661	3.00S-2.00W-24 SW-SW	3224	3890S NE CORRAL CRK. NEWBERG	GLOBIG, JON PO BOX 1017 NEWBERG OR 97132			W	535.00	560.00	464.0	17.0	02/22/1982	02/25/1982	SHELBURNE, ROBERT SULLIVAN DRILLING CO.	37011	✓																			
YAMH 2541	3.00S-2.00W-24 SW-NE		7185 SW TACOMA FERRY RD	BEWEL, STAN 7185 SW TACOMA PORTLAND OR 97223			W	285.00	332.00	225.0	18.0	10/06/1987	10/15/1987	JANSEN, ROY N		✓																			
YAMH 2542	3.00S-2.00W-24			DALY, DENNIS LAKE OSWEGO OR 97035			W	140.00	178.00	115.0	10.0	03/24/1975	04/09/1975	CHRISTENSON JR, WILLIAM D		✓																			
YAMH 2543	3.00S-2.00W-24			WOODWARD, JACK 28070 SW ROBERG RD WILSONVILLE OR 97070			W	265.00	625.00	475.0	10.0	10/09/1974	11/18/1974	CHRISTENSON JR, WILLIAM D				✓																	
YAMH 2544	3.00S-2.00W-24			WOODWARD, JACK 28070 SW ROBERG RD WILSONVILLE OR 97070			W	285.00	380.00	265.0	4.0	06/16/1974	11/18/1974	CHRISTENSON JR, WILLIAM D		✓																			
YAMH 2545	3.00S-2.00W-24			HUTCHENSON, MR RALPH DUNDEE OR 97115			W	32.00	95.00	14.0	22.0	05/22/1971	06/14/1971	MEEKER, JOHN JOHN MEEKER WELL DRILLING		✓																			
YAMH 2546	3.00S-2.00W-24 NE-NE			SMITH, FOREST NEWBERG OR 97132			W		360.00	0.0	0.0	07/02/1967	07/27/1967	BORCHERS, RAYMOND A B & S DRILLING		✓																			
YAMH 2547	3.00S-2.00W-24			SLOAN, DAVE 4208 SW CULLEN PORTLAND OR 97221			W	590.00	625.00	410.0	13.0	07/06/1976	07/16/1976	HUFFMAN, HARLIN M		✓																			
YAMH 2548	3.00S-2.00W-24			DUGAN, JACK 3815 SE ANKENY PORTLAND OR 97214			W		625.00	447.0	12.0	03/08/1968	03/11/1969	HUFFMAN, HARLIN M ARROW DRILLING INC.		✓																			

[Download Data](#)

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STATE OF OREGON

WATER WELL REPORT
(as required by ORS 537.765)

Yamh
1661

PAGE 1

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FEB 25 1992

3s/2w/24cc

(START CARD) #

37011

WATER RESOURCES DEPT

(1) OWNER: Well Number: 1268
Name JON GLOBIG
Address P.O. BOX 1017
City NEWBERG State OR Zip 97132

(2) TYPE OF WORK:
 New Well Deepen Recondition Abandon

(3) DRILL METHOD
 Rotary Air Rotary Mud Cable
 Other

(4) PROPOSED USE:
 Domestic Community Industrial Irrigation
 Thermal Injection Other

(5) BORE HOLE CONSTRUCTION:
Special Construction approval Yes No Depth of Completed Well 560 ft.
Explosives used Yes No Type Amount

HOLE		SEAL		Amount
Diameter	From To	Material	From To	sacks or pounds
10	0 19	BENTONITE	19	7 SAX
6	19 560			

How was seal placed: Method A B C D E
 Other POURED/TAMPED
Backfill placed from _____ ft. to _____ ft. Material _____
Gravel placed from _____ ft. to _____ ft. Size of gravel _____

(6) CASING/LINER:

Diameter	From	To	Gauge	Steel	Plastic	Welded	Threaded
Casing: 6	1	19	25	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Liner: 4	0	560	160#	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Final location of sheets:
(7) PERFORATIONS/SCREENS:
 Perforations Method SAW
 Screens Type _____ Material _____

From	To	Slot size	Number	Diameter	Tele/pipe size	Casing	Liner
520	560	6"	80			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

(8) WELL TESTS: Minimum testing time is 1 hour
 Pump Bailer Air Flowing Artesian
Yield gal/min Drawdown Drill stem at Time
17.00 560 1 hr.
17 560 4

Temperature of water 51 Depth Artesian Flow Found _____
Was a water analysis done? Yes By whom _____
Did any strata contain water not suitable for intended use? Too little
 Salty Muddy Odor Colored Other _____
Depth of strata: _____

(9) LOCATION OF WELL by legal description:
County YAMHILL Latitude _____ Longitude _____
Township 3 S Nor S. Range 2 W E or W. WM.
Section 24 SW 1/4 SW 1/4
Tax Lot 3224 Lot 1000 Block _____ Subdivision 2
Street Address of Well (or nearest address) 33905
APPROX 33905 E CORRAL CRK NEWBERG,

(10) STATIC WATER LEVEL:
464 ft. below land surface. Date 02/22/92
Artesian pressure _____ lb. per square inch. Date _____

(11) WATER BEARING ZONES:

Depth at which water was first found 535

From	To	Estimated Flow Rate	SWL
535	540	12	464
551	554	5	464

(12) WELL LOG: Ground elevation _____

Material	From	To	SWL
TOP SOIL	0	3	
RED CLAY	3	9	
DECAYED BASALT	9	12	
GRAY BASALT	12	365	
SLIGHT DECAYED BASALT	365	380	
MEDIUM GRAY BASALT	380	415	
SOFT BROWN BASALT	415	455	
VERY HARD GRAY BASALT	455	535	
FRACTURED BASALT	535	540	464
VERY HARD BASALT	540	544	
FRACTURED/DECAYED BASALT	544	552	464
VERY HARD BASALT	552	560	

BLUE WATER DRILLING CO.
DAYTON, OR. 97114

Date started 02/17/92 Completed 02/22/92

(unbonded) Water Well Constructor Certification:
I certify that the work I performed on the construction, alteration, or abandonment of this well is in compliance with Oregon well construction standards. Materials used and information reported above are true to my best knowledge and belief.
Signed *David A. Lopez* WWC Number 1438 Date 02/22/92

(bonded) Water Well Constructor Certification:
I accept responsibility for the construction, alteration, or abandonment work performed on this well during the construction dates reported above. all work performed during this time is in compliance with Oregon well construction standards. This report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Signed *Robert J. Helbert* WWC Number 417 Date 2-22-92

RECEIVED

OCT 15 1987

Yamhill 2541 35/2W-24ac

STATE OF OREGON
WATER WELL REPORT
(as required by ORS 537.765)

WATER RESOURCES DEPT.
REGISTRATION OF WELL by legal description:

(1) OWNER: Stan Bemel (P.O. Box 23051)
Address: 7185 S. W. Taylors Ferry Rd.
City: Portland State: OR Zip: 97223

County: Yamhill Latitude: Longitude:
Township: 3 S Nor S, Range: 2 W E or W, WM.
Section: 24 SW 1/4 NE 1/4
Tax Lot: Lot: Block: Subdivision:
Street Address of Well (or nearest address):

(2) TYPE OF WORK:
 New Well Deepen Recondition Abandon

(3) DRILL METHOD
 Rotary Air Rotary Mud Cable
 Other

(4) PROPOSED USE:
 Domestic Community Industrial Irrigation
 Thermal Injection Other

(5) BORE HOLE CONSTRUCTION:
Special Construction approval Yes No Depth of Completed Well: 332 ft.
Explosives used Type: Amount:

HOLE SEAL Amount
Diameter From To Material From To sacks or pounds
0" 0 36 Cement/gel 0 36 11 sacks
6" 36 332

How was seal placed: Method A B C D E
Backfill placed from _____ ft. to _____ ft. Material _____
Gravel placed from _____ ft. to _____ ft. Size of gravel _____

(6) CASING/LINER:
Diameter From To Gauge Steel Plastic Welded Threaded
Casing: 6" +1 36 .250
Liner: 4" 0 332 160

(7) PERFORATIONS/SCREENS:
 Perforations Method: Drilled
 Screens Type: Material:
From To Slot Number Diameter Tele/pipe Casing Liner
312 332 size 40 1/2" size

(8) WELL TESTS: Minimum testing time is 1 hour
 Pump Bailor Air Flowing Artesian
Yield gal/min Drawdown Drill stem at Time
3 290 1 hr.
9 310
18 330

Temperature of water _____ Depth Artesian Flow Found _____
Was a water analysis done? Yes By whom _____
Did any strata contain water not suitable for intended use? Too little
 Salty Muddy Odor Colored Other _____
Depth of strata: _____

(10) STATIC WATER LEVEL:
225 ft. below land surface. Date: 10/6/87
Artesian pressure _____ lb. per square inch. Date: _____

(11) WATER BEARING ZONES:
Depth at which water was first found: 285
From To Estimated Flow Rate SWL
285 325 18 gpm 225

(12) WELL LOG:
Ground elevation _____
Material From To SWL
Topsoil 0 1
Red-brown clay 1 6
Decomposed brown basalt 6 9
Firm gray-brown basalt 9 20
Soft red-brown basalt 20 27
Firm gray basalt 27 40
Soft brown basalt 40 46
Soft gray-brown basalt 46 64
Hard gray basalt 64 82
Soft brown & red-brown basalts 82 89
Firm gray-brown basalt 89 148
Soft brown basalt 148 157
Firm gray-black basalt 157 179
Hard gray basalt-creviced 179 219
Soft red-brown basalt 219 235
Soft brown basalt 235 244
Firm gray-black basalt 244 280
Visicular brown basalt 280 325
Firm gray basalt 325 332

Date started: 10/2/87 Completed: 10/6/87
(unbonded) Water Well Constructor Certification:
I certify that the work I performed on the construction, alteration, or abandonment of this well is in compliance with Oregon well construction standards. Materials used and information reported above are true to my best knowledge and belief.
Signed: _____ WWC Number: _____
Date: _____

(bonded) Water Well Constructor Certification:
I accept responsibility for the construction, alteration, or abandonment work performed on this well during the construction dates reported above. all work performed during this time is in compliance with Oregon well construction standards. This report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Signed: *R. J. [Signature]* WWC Number: 1266
Date: 10/13/87

NOTICE TO WATER WELL CONTRACTOR
 The original and first copy of this report are to be filed with the
 STATE ENGINEER, SALEM, OREGON 97310
 within 30 days from the date of well completion.

WATER WELL REPORT

RECEIVED

STATE OF OREGON NOV 18 1974 State Well No. 35/2w-24
 (Please type or print) STATE ENGINEER State Permit No. _____
 SALEM, OREGON

(Yamhill)
2543

(1) OWNER:

Name Jack Woodward
 Address 28070 S W Boberg Rd.
Wilsonville, Oregon 97070

(2) TYPE OF WORK (check):

New Well Deepening Reconditioning Abandon
 If abandonment, describe material and procedure in Item 12.

(3) TYPE OF WELL:

Rotary Driven Domestic Industrial Municipal
 Cable Jetted Irrigation Test Well Other
 Dug Bored

(4) PROPOSED USE (check):

CASING INSTALLED: Threaded Welded

" Diam. from no pipe installed ft. Gage _____
 " Diam. from _____ ft. to _____ ft. Gage _____
 " Diam. from _____ ft. to _____ ft. Gage _____

PERFORATIONS: Perforated? Yes No.

Type of perforator used _____
 Size of perforations in. by in. _____
 _____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
 _____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
 _____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

(7) SCREENS: Well screen installed? Yes No

Manufacturer's Name _____ Model No. _____
 Type _____
 Diam. _____ Slot size _____ Set from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
 Diam. _____ Slot size _____ Set from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

(8) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level

Was a pump test made? Yes No If yes, by whom? Driller
 Yield: 10 gal./min. with 125 ft. drawdown after 4 hrs.

Baller test gal./min. with ft. drawdown after hrs. _____
 Artesian flow g.p.m. _____
 Temperature of water _____ Depth artesian flow encountered _____ ft.

(9) CONSTRUCTION:

Well seal—Material used sealed previously
 Well sealed from land surface to _____ ft.
 Diameter of well bore to bottom of seal _____ in.
 Diameter of well bore below seal _____ in.
 Number of sacks of cement used in well seal _____ sacks
 Number of sacks of bentonite used in well seal _____ sacks
 Brand name of bentonite _____
 Number of pounds of bentonite per 100 gallons of water _____ lbs./100 gals.
 Was a drive shoe used? Yes No Plugs _____ Size: location _____ ft.
 Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes No
 Type of water? _____ depth of strata _____
 Method of sealing strata off _____
 Was well gravel packed? Yes No Size of gravel: _____
 Gravel placed from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

(10) LOCATION OF WELL:

County Yamhill Driller's well number _____
 1/4 Section 24 T. 3s R. 2w W.M. _____
 Bearing and distance from section or subdivision corner _____

(11) WATER LEVEL: Completed well.

Depth at which water was first found 265 ft.
 Static level 475 ft. below land surface. Date 10-8-74
 Artesian pressure _____ lbs. per square inch. Date _____

(12) WELL LOG: Diameter of well below casing 6
 Depth drilled 625 ft. Depth of completed well 625 ft.

Formation: Describe color, texture, grain size and structure of materials; and show thickness and nature of each stratum and aquifer penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of formation. Report each change in position of Static Water Level and indicate principal water-bearing strata.

MATERIAL	From	To	SWL
Black rock	380	450	
Black pinkole lava	450	458	
Brown rock	458	502	
Brown pinkole lava	502	516	
Black basalt	516	544	
Black rock soft	544	600	
Brown pinkole lava	600	622	
Grey basalt	622	625	

Work started 10-3 1974 Completed 10-9 1974
 Date well drilling machine moved off of well 10-9 1974

Drilling Machine Operator's Certification:
 This well was constructed under my direct supervision. Materials used and information reported above are true to my best knowledge and belief.
 [Signed] William D. Christenson Date 10-9 1974
 (Drilling Machine Operator)
 Drilling Machine Operator's License No. 500

Water Well Contractor's Certification:
 This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
 Name William D. Christenson Jr.
 (Person, firm or corporation) (Type or print)
 Address P.O. Box 343 Hubbard, Oregon
 [Signed] William D. Christenson Jr.
 (Water Well Contractor)
 Contractor's License No. 511 Date 10-10 1974

(USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESSARY)

SP*48656-118

NOTICE TO WATER WELL CONTRACTOR

The original and first copy of this report are to be filed with the

STATE ENGINEER, SALEM, OREGON within 30 days from the date of well completion.

RECEIVED
 SEP 26 1969
 STATE ENGINEER
 OREGON

WELL REPORT

STATE OF OREGON

(Please type or print)
 (Do not write above this line)

Yamh
 State Well No. 32W-2466
 2558 State Permit No.

(1) OWNER:

Name L. R. Fulmer
 Address RT 7, Box 7589 Bainbridge Is. Wash.

(2) TYPE OF WORK (check):

New Well Deepening Reconditioning Abandon
 If abandonment, describe material and procedure in Item 12.

(3) TYPE OF WELL:

Rotary Cable Aug Driven Jetted Bored

(4) PROPOSED USE (check):

Domestic Industrial Municipal Irrigation Test Well Other

(5) CASING INSTALLED:

Threaded Welded
 6" Diam. from 0 ft. to 36 ft. Gage 250
 " Diam. from 0 ft. to 36 ft. Gage 250

(6) PERFORATIONS:

Perforated? Yes No
 Type of perforator used _____
 Size of perforations in. by in.
 _____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
 _____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
 _____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
 _____ perforations from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

(7) SCREENS:

Well screen installed? Yes No
 Manufacturer's Name _____ Model No. _____
 Type _____ Diam. _____ Slot size _____ Set from _____ ft. to _____ ft.
 _____ Slot size _____ Set from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

(8) WATER LEVEL: Completed well.

Static level 260 ft. below land surface Date 9-15-69
 Artesian pressure _____ lbs. per square inch Date _____

(9) WELL TESTS:

Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level
 Was a pump test made? Yes No If yes, by whom? operator
25 gal./min. with 360 ft. drawdown after 2 hrs.

(10) CONSTRUCTION:

Well seal—Material used Bentonite & Cuttings
 Depth of seal 0 to 36 ft.
 Diameter of well bore to bottom of seal 9 in.
 Were any loose strata cemented off? Yes No Depth _____
 Was a drive shoe used? Yes No
 Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes No
 Type of water? _____ depth of strata _____
 Method of sealing strata off _____
 Was well gravel packed? Yes No Size of gravel: _____
 Gravel placed from _____ ft. to _____ ft.

(11) LOCATION OF WELL:

County Yamh. Driller's well number 146
ANW 1/4 NW 1/4 Section 24 T. 3S R. 2W W.M.
 Bearing and distance from section or subdivision corner _____

(12) WELL LOG:

Diameter of well below casing 6"
 Depth drilled 620 ft. Depth of completed well 620 ft.

Formation: Describe color, texture, grain size and structure of materials; and show thickness and nature of each stratum and aquifer penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of formation. Report each change in position of Static Water Level as drilling proceeds. Note drilling rates.

MATERIAL	From	To	SWL
Brown Soil	0	1	
Brown Clay	1	18	
Brown Shale	18	27	
Hard Gray Basalt	27	112	
Gray & Brown Broken Basalt	112	204	
Gray Basalt Gray clay sands	204	212	
Soft Gray Basalt	212	238	
Gray Brown Broken Basalt	238	332	
Hard Gray Basalt	332	348	
Gray Brown Broken Basalt	348	381	
Brown Porous Basalt	381	385	
Red Porous Basalt	385	396	
Brown Gray Broken Basalt	396	472	
Hard Gray Basalt	472	586	
Gray Brown Broken Basalt	586	620	

Work started 9-11 1969 Completed 9-15 1969
 Date well drilling machine moved off of well 9-15 1969

Drilling Machine Operator's Certification:

This well was constructed under my direct supervision. Materials used and information reported above are true to my best knowledge and belief.

[Signed] Raymond A. Borchers Date 9-15, 1969
 (Drilling Machine Operator)

Drilling Machine Operator's License No. 305

Water Well Contractor's Certification:

This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

NAME B.S. Drilling Co. (Type or print)
 (Person, firm or corporation)

Address RT 3, Box 271A, Sherwood, OR

[Signed] Raymond A. Borchers
 (Water Well Contractor)

Contractor's License No. 404 Date 9-15, 1969

(USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESSARY)

YAMH 54633

**STATE OF OREGON
WATER SUPPLY WELL REPORT**
(as required by ORS 537.765)

Arrow 06-047

YAMH 54633
WELL ID # L 85547
START CARD # 189603

(1) LAND OWNER:

Name: Glenn Gregg Well Number: _____
Address: 10415 SW Terwilliger Place
City: Portland State: OR Zip: 97219

(2) TYPE OF WORK: (repair/
 New Well Deepening Alteration/recondition Abandonment

(3) DRILL METHOD:
 Rotary Air Rotary Mud Cable Auger
 Other: _____

(4) PROPOSED USE:
 Domestic Community Industrial Irrigation
 Thermal Injection Livestock Other _____

(5) BORE HOLE CONSTRUCTION:
Special Construction approval Yes No
Depth of Completed Well 622
Explosives Used Yes No Type _____ Amount _____

Diameter	HOLE		SEAL		sacks or pounds	
	From	To	From	To		
10"	0	477	bent chip	0	50	47 inc bf
			cement	99	477	135 scks
6 1/4"	477	622				

How was seal placed: Method A B C D E

Other bent chips poured - probed
Backfill placed from 50 to 99 Material bent chips
Gravel placed from _____ to _____ Size of gravel _____

(6) CASING/LINER:

Diameter	From	To	Gauge	SEAL			
				Steel	Plastic	Welded	Threaded
6"	+2'	477	.250	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

LINER:				
4 1/2"	402	582	160#	<input type="checkbox"/> certilock
4 1/2"	582	622	sch 40	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> certilock

Drive Shoe used Inside Outside None
Final location of Shoe(s): 477' 4 1/2" x 5" pvc reducer top of liner

(7) PERFORATIONS/SCREENS:

Type:		Method:		Material:		Tele/pipe size		Casing	Liner
From	To	Size	No.	Diameter	size	size	size		
582	622	3/16x7	72	4 1/2"	pipe			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
								<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
								<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

(8) WELL TESTS: Minimum testing time is 1 hour

Yield gpm	Drawdown	Drill Stem at	Time
31	N/A	620	1 hr.
30	N/A	580	15 min.
15	N/A	540	15 min.

Temperature of water 54 Depth Artesian Flow Found _____
Was a water sample taken? Yes No By whom: Arrow
Did any strata contain water not suitable for intended use? (explain)

Depth of water: 31 2006
ARROW DRILLING 503-538-4422
WATER RESOURCES DEP.
SALEM, OREGON

(9) LOCATION OF WELL by legal description:

County: Yamhill Latitude: _____ Longitude: _____
Township: 3S Range: 2W
Section: 24 NW 1/4 NE 1/4
Tax Lot: 200 Lot: _____ Block: _____ Subdivision: _____
Street Address of Well (or nearest address) nya intersection of Smith and Parrett Mtn Roads

(10) STATIC WATER LEVEL:

470 Ft. below land surface Date 10/25/06
Artesian pressure _____ lb. per sq. in. Date _____

(11) WATER BEARING ZONES:

Depth at which water was first found <u>106'</u>			
From	To	Est. Flow Rate	SWL
106	164	trace	dnm
459	470	< 2 gpm	dnm
482	622	31 gpm	470

(12) WELL LOG:

Material	Ground Elevation:		SWL
	From	To	
top soil	0	1	
clay brwn silty	1	6	
rock brwn decomp very sft w/occ clay white/red	6	44	
basalt gray/brwn decomp sft	44	56	
basalt gray med whd	56	67	
basalt gray med-hrd w/brwn seams	67	106	
basalt gray/brwn med fract	106	164	
basalt gray hrd w/occ brwn fract	164	185	
basalt brwn.gray med-hrd fract	185	202	
basalt brwn/gray decomp	202	211	
basalt gray med w/occ brwn fract	211	248	
basalt gray slightly decomp w/lenses of hard basalt gray	248	295	
basalt gray/brwn med fract	295	408	
basalt gray/blk med-hrd slightly fract	408	416	
basalt gray med-hrd fract	416	459	
basalt gray/brwn med well fract	459	470	
basalt gray hrd	470	482	
basalt decomp gray/brwn/red vesic	482	491	
basalt gray to blk hrd fract	491	546	
basalt gray/blk hrd well fract	546	583	
basalt decomp brwn/gray vesic bkn	583	591	
basalt gray/brwn bkn	591	604	
basalt gray/blk hrd fract	604	622	

Date Started: 10/20/06 Completed: 10/27/06

(unbonded) Water Well Constructor Certification:

I certify that the work I performed on the construction, alteration, or abandonment of this well is in compliance with Oregon water supply well construction standards. Materials used and information reported above are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

WWC Number _____
Signed _____ Date _____

(bonded) Water Well Constructor Certification:

I accept responsibility for the construction, alteration, or abandonment work performed on this well during the construction dates reported above. All work performed during this time is in compliance with Oregon water supply well construction standards. This report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

WWC Number 1483
Signed [Signature] Date 10/30/06

ORIGINAL - Water Resources Department

FIRST COPY - Constructor

SECOND COPY - Customer

YAMH 56638

State of Oregon *Amended owner address*
 WATER WELL REPORT (as required by ORS 537.765) Page 1 of 1

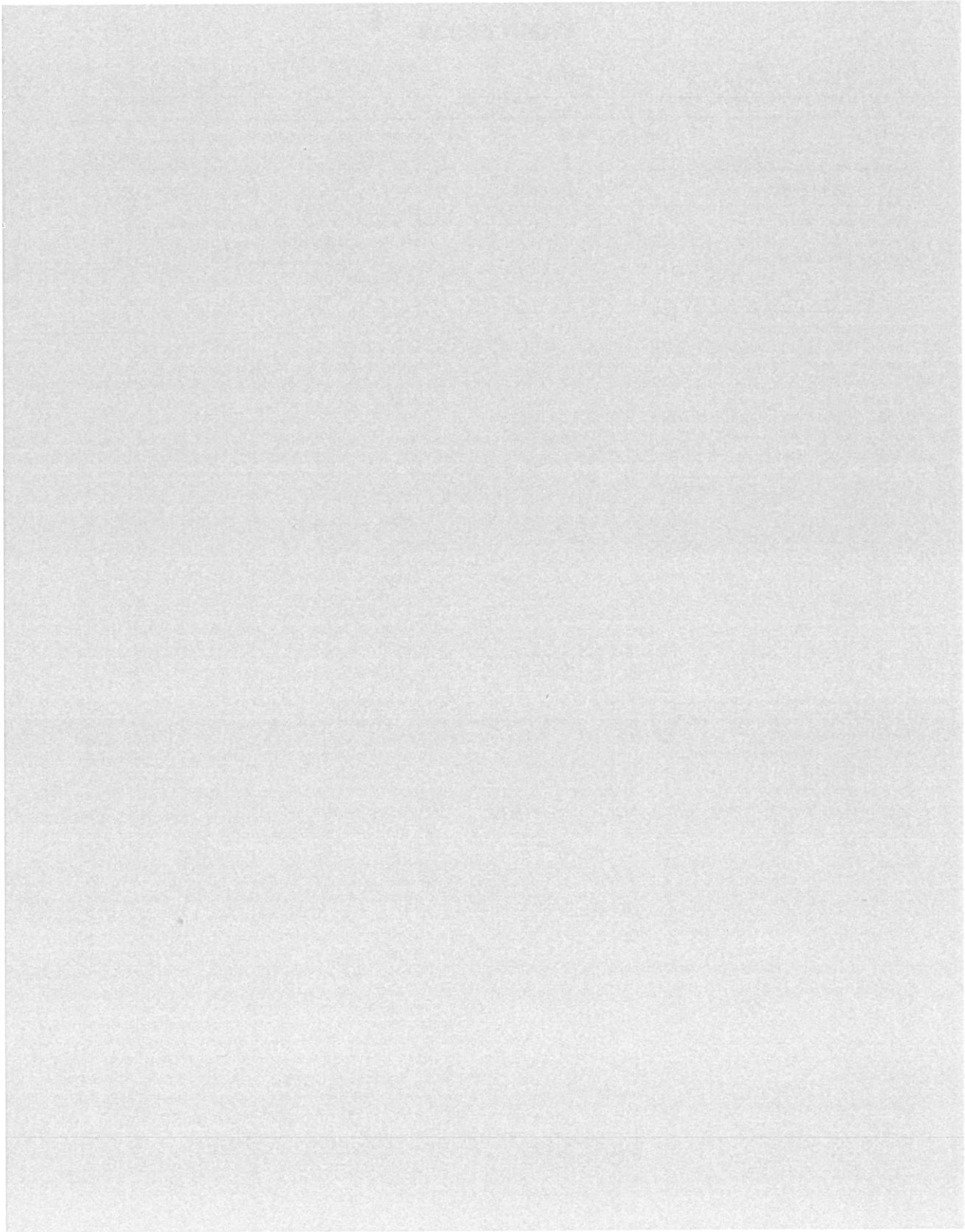
State Well ID L112363
 Start Card # 1021022

<p>(1) OWNER: Well No. 2813 Name TAI-RAN NIEW Address 2011 KALORAMA RD NW #7 City WASHINGTON St DC Zip 20009</p> <p>(2) TYPE OF WORK: NEW WELL</p> <p>(3) DRILL METHOD: ROTARY AIR</p> <p>(4) PROPOSED USE: DOMESTIC</p> <p>(5) BORE HOLE CONSTRUCTION: Special Construction Approval NO _____ Depth of Compl. Well 581 ft Explosives used NO _____ Type _____ Amount _____ HOLE SEAL <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Diam.</th> <th>From</th> <th>To</th> <th>Material</th> <th>From</th> <th>To</th> <th>Amount</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>10</td> <td>0</td> <td>320</td> <td>BENTONITE CHIP</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1 SAX</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>320</td> <td>581</td> <td>CEMENT</td> <td>1</td> <td>320</td> <td>80 SAX</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> Seal placement method C AND POURED Backfill: from _____ ft to _____ ft Material _____ Gravel: from _____ ft to _____ ft Size _____</p> <p>(6) CASING/LINER: <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Diam.</th> <th>From</th> <th>To</th> <th>Gauge</th> <th>Material</th> <th>Connection</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Casing</td> <td>6</td> <td>+1.5</td> <td>320</td> <td>.25</td> <td>STEEL</td> <td>WELDED</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Liner</td> <td>4</td> <td>4</td> <td>581</td> <td>SCH40</td> <td>PLASTIC</td> <td>THREADED</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> Final Location of shoe(s) 320 // SPLINE-LOC LINER</p> <p>(7) PERFORATIONS/SCREENS: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Perf. Method CIRCULAR SAW <input type="checkbox"/> Screens Type _____ Material _____ <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>From</th> <th>To</th> <th>Slot</th> <th>Number</th> <th>Diam.</th> <th>Tele/pipe</th> <th>Casing/liner</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>543</td> <td>561</td> <td>.1X6"</td> <td>34</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>LINER</td> </tr> <tr> <td>571</td> <td>580</td> <td>.1X6"</td> <td>16</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>LINER</td> </tr> </tbody> </table></p> <p>(8) WELL TESTS! Minimum testing time is 1 hour Test type AIR <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Yield GPM</th> <th>Draw-down</th> <th>Drill stem at</th> <th>Time</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>18</td> <td></td> <td>580</td> <td>1 hr.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>18</td> <td></td> <td>568</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> Temperature of water 53F Depth Artesian Flow Found _____ Was water analysis done? NO By whom _____ Reason for water not suitable for use _____ Depth of strata _____</p>	Diam.	From	To	Material	From	To	Amount	10	0	320	BENTONITE CHIP	0	1	1 SAX	6	320	581	CEMENT	1	320	80 SAX		Diam.	From	To	Gauge	Material	Connection	Casing	6	+1.5	320	.25	STEEL	WELDED	Liner	4	4	581	SCH40	PLASTIC	THREADED	From	To	Slot	Number	Diam.	Tele/pipe	Casing/liner	543	561	.1X6"	34			LINER	571	580	.1X6"	16			LINER	Yield GPM	Draw-down	Drill stem at	Time	18		580	1 hr.	18		568	1	<p>(9) LOCATION OF WELL by legal description: County YAMHILL Lat. ° ' " Long. ° ' " Township 3 S Range 2 W WM. Section 24 NE 1/4 NE 1/4 Tax Lot 100 Lot Block Subdivision Street Address of Well (or nearest Address): 35568 NE SMITH RD NEWBERG, OR</p> <p>(10) STATIC WATER LEVEL: 419 ft. below land surface. Date 09/19/13 Artesian pressure _____ lb per square in. Date _____</p> <p>(11) WATER BEARING ZONES: Depth at which water was first found 69 <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>From</th> <th>To</th> <th>Est Flow Rate</th> <th>SWL</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>69</td> <td>79</td> <td>1</td> <td>DNM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>190</td> <td>199</td> <td>3</td> <td>DNM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>301</td> <td>304</td> <td>3</td> <td>DNM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>519</td> <td>575</td> <td>18</td> <td>419</td> </tr> </tbody> </table></p> <p>(12) WELL LOG: <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Material</th> <th>From</th> <th>To</th> <th>SWL</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>TOP SOIL</td> <td>0</td> <td>5</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>CLAY, RED/BROWN</td> <td>5</td> <td>47</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>CLAY, RED/BROWN W/SOME SOFT ROCK</td> <td>47</td> <td>59</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>BASALT, DECAYED W/BROWN CLAY</td> <td>69</td> <td>79</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>BASALT, SOFT BROWN SANDY</td> <td>79</td> <td>114</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>BASALT, DECAYED WITH MEDIUM GRAY</td> <td>114</td> <td>152</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>BASALT, SOFT DECAYED</td> <td>152</td> <td>168</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>BASALT, MEDIUM GRAY</td> <td>168</td> <td>190</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>BASALT, SOFT GRAY W/DECAY</td> <td>190</td> <td>199</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>BASALT, HARD GRAY</td> <td>199</td> <td>301</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>BASALT, DECAYED W/SOME GRAY</td> <td>301</td> <td>304</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>BASALT, HARD GRAY</td> <td>304</td> <td>474</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>BASALT, MED GRAY W/SOME OCC HARD BROWN</td> <td>474</td> <td>476</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>BASALT, HARD GRAY</td> <td>476</td> <td>519</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>BASALT, SOFTER GRAY W/DECAY AND SEAMY</td> <td>519</td> <td>575</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>BASALT, HARD GRAY</td> <td>575</td> <td>581</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> DAVE PAYSINGER, bluewaterdrilling.com Date started 09/12/13 Completed 09/19/13</p> <p>(unbonded) Water Well Constructor Certification: I certify that the work I performed on the construction, alteration, or abandonment of this well is in compliance with Oregon water supply well construction standards. 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Paysinger</i> WWC Number 1438 Date 09/20/13</p>	From	To	Est Flow Rate	SWL	69	79	1	DNM	190	199	3	DNM	301	304	3	DNM	519	575	18	419	Material	From	To	SWL	TOP SOIL	0	5		CLAY, RED/BROWN	5	47		CLAY, RED/BROWN W/SOME SOFT ROCK	47	59		BASALT, DECAYED W/BROWN CLAY	69	79		BASALT, SOFT BROWN SANDY	79	114		BASALT, DECAYED WITH MEDIUM GRAY	114	152		BASALT, SOFT DECAYED	152	168		BASALT, MEDIUM GRAY	168	190		BASALT, SOFT GRAY W/DECAY	190	199		BASALT, HARD GRAY	199	301		BASALT, DECAYED W/SOME GRAY	301	304		BASALT, HARD GRAY	304	474		BASALT, MED GRAY W/SOME OCC HARD BROWN	474	476		BASALT, HARD GRAY	476	519		BASALT, SOFTER GRAY W/DECAY AND SEAMY	519	575		BASALT, HARD GRAY	575	581	
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ORIGINAL & FIRST COPY - WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT SECOND COPY - CONSTRUCTOR THIRD COPY - CUSTOMER 9809C 10/91

OCT 10 2013

WATER RESOURCES DEPT



Class I Cultural Resources Report

The Class I Cultural Resources Overview was conducted to provide a synopsis of the cultural history of the Bob and Crystal Rilee Park from the prehistoric period through to the modern era. This overview is then used to understand what resource may exist within the Park and provide recommendations for identifying and managing those resources in the future.

Previous Research

Previous Cultural Resources Surveys

WHPacific archaeologist, Sarah Brownell, searched online databases, archives, and reviewed historical maps, aerial imagery, and other references available through the Oregon State Historic Preservation Office's (SHPO's) online database. The search included the area within 2-miles of the project area. This kind of search allows for predictions to be made regarding the occurrence and frequency of archaeological sites in areas that have not been previously identified.

A search of the SHPO geographic information system (GIS) database indicated that three cultural resource surveys have been conducted within a 2-mile radius of the project area. In addition, Portland State University and Linfield College conducted an archaeological field school on the Rilee property (see the "Parrett Mountain Property" section).

The cultural resource surveys included: one survey of a damaged road section (Diters 2008); one survey of Newberg—Dundee Bypass Project (Oetting 2012); and one survey of the Corral Creek Obstruction Removal Project (Goodwin et al. 2013). These surveys did not result in the discovery of any archaeological sites or isolates within 2 miles of the project area.

The paucity of recorded archaeological sites near the project area likely reflects the lack of surveys and not the lack of archaeological resources.

General Land Office (GLO) maps of Township 3 South, Range 2 West, Willamette Meridian, dating to 1852 and 1863 were reviewed for pertinent information. No development within the project area is evident on either map (General Land Office 1852 and 1863).

Culture History

Archaeological Overview

The archaeological record in the Willamette Valley, which includes the Chehalem Mountains and Bob and Crystal Rilee Park, begins approximately 12,000 years ago as evidenced by the discovery of a few isolated fluted projectile points scattered throughout the upper Willamette valley (Aikens et al. 2011). Early Holocene (13,000 to 7,500 B.P.) and Middle Holocene (7,500 to 3,000 B.P.) sites are also found in the valley with evidence of continuous or near-continuous Native American occupation during the Late Holocene (3,000 B.P. to Euro-American Contact).

Ethnographic Background

Bob and Crystal Rilee Park is located in ethnographically identified Kalapuyan territory (Zenk 1990). The name Kalapuya applies to people who spoke Kalapuyan languages, a family within the Penutian phylum.

The Kalapuya are divided into approximately 13 groups or tribes, each with its own dialect. The dialects are part of three closely related but mutually unintelligible languages. Of these groups, the Tualatin band of the Kalapuya inhabited the area where the project is located, centered on Tualatin River watershed. The nearest ethnographically identified Tualatin winter village is located in the vicinity of the present City of Newberg located approximately 4.5 miles west of the Parrett Mountain property (Zenk 1976).

Kalapuyans seasonally occupied permanent winter villages and lived in temporary camps from approximately April through November. Winter houses were multi-family dwellings, with each family occupying separate section. The houses themselves have not been well described and may have been made of bark, planks or both. In addition to permanent houses, villages also contained domed sweat lodges (Zenk 1976, 1990). Material culture typical of the Kalapuyans included cattail mats, sewn bark containers, stone mortars and pestles, antler, bone, wood and shell implements and basketry. River canoes were hollowed out from cedar, fir, or cottonwood logs (Zenk 1990).

Plant resources were a major food source for the Kalapuyans. Camas was the single most important resource and extremely abundant in the Willamette Valley. Camas was roasted in pit-ovens, dried and pressed into cakes; it was both an important food source and trade item. Wapato was also a staple item whose harvest was an important part of the annual cycle (Zenk 1976). Other important plant resources included tarweed seeds, hazelnuts and berries. Game included birds, small mammals, white-tailed deer, elk and black bear. Additional food resources included lampreys, grasshoppers and caterpillars (Zenk 1990).

Kalapuyans cyclically burned areas of Willamette Valley to enhance food production (Zenk 1976). The burning supported the growth of seed-bearing annuals, grasses, geophytes (camas) and fire tolerant oaks as opposed to conifers and shrubs (Aikens et al. 2011). In particular, areas were burned when tarweed seeds were ripe. After the plant had been burned, women would beat the seeds into a basket with a racket-type implement formed from sticks after which all of the seeds were ground into a flour using a hopper mortar and pestle (Zenk 1976).

Historic Overview

The historic period in the valley introduced devastating Euro-American diseases to the native population. Zenk (1976: 11) estimates the 1780 population of Tualatins at 1,000 to 2,000 individuals before the smallpox epidemic of 1782 likely reduced the population by an estimated one-third to one-half. Subsequent waves of European-brought diseases continued to reduce the population further. In 1851 surviving Tualatins, Molallas and other Kalapuyan peoples signed the Champoege Treaty allotting them a small piece of land including Wapato Lake to become a new reservation. However, the treaty was not ratified by the Senate and the reservation never became official. Another treaty was signed in 1856 that removed the Tualatin from their homeland to the Grand Ronde Reservation (Zenk 1976).

The decimation of the native population likely made it difficult if not impossible to maintain pre-contact lifeways, political organization and social institutions. Because of this, it must be remembered, that ethnographers of the late 1870s were speaking with natives a generation or more after pre-reservation lifeways had effectively ended (Zenk 1990). Therefore, while ethnographic records are still hugely important, archaeology is a particularly valuable resource in the valley as the impoverished native community described by settlers does not coincide with the rich culture shown in the pre-contact archaeological record.

Fur trappers were the first Euro-Americans recorded in the region in the 1810s following Lewis and Clark's 1805/06 expedition (Zenk 1990). Some eventually settled in the Willamette Valley. The area of the valley between the Willamette and Pudding rivers became known as French Prairie, due to the large French-Canadian presence. Ninety-seven French-Canadians are known to have been heads-of households on French Prairie between 1829 and 1843 (Brauner 1989).

By the 1830s, Hudson's Bay Company's British-run Fort Vancouver controlled most business in the Willamette Valley and setup the outpost of Champoeg, located approximately 2 miles south of the project area, to capitalize on local wheat exports. Champoeg ended up being the location of a series of meetings among early settlers, including the first democratic vote in the West in 1843 when settlers determined they would establish Oregon's allegiance to the United States thus creating the first provisional Government in the Northwest. During the 1840s and 1850s, Champoeg developed into a town eventually reaching a population of 200 people. In 1861 a major flood swept through the town site and not much was rebuilt. It's estimated that less than a third of the 74 platted blocks of the town site were ever built. But even after the flood, the town was still used as a shipping port (Middleton 1975).

Archaeological exploration at Champoeg began in 1972 near the center of the old town. At the time, it was clear that people had been collecting artifacts for years and the area had been plowed and pastured by sheep and cattle on different occasions. No structural remains were found, but hundreds of ceramic and glass fragments were observed in addition to pipe fragments. The majority of the artifacts were of British origin and likely linked to the Hudson's Bay Company era of development. Excavation continued in 1974 and 1975 with fieldwork taking place where a former blacksmith's shop and school house were presumed to be located (Middleton 1975).

The Parrett Mountain Property

Early settlers in the Willamette Valley included Samuel and Maria Everest Parrett (formerly Parrott) who, along with two of Samuel's brothers, William and Henry, emigrated from Kent, England and arrived in Oregon Territory in 1853. Following their arrival, the brothers made Donation Land Claims totaling 650 acres in what is now eastern Yamhill County (Cornett and Smith 2008; McArthur 1926; Rhode 2011). As the Parrett brothers and their families developed productive farms, the landform known as "Wild Horse Mountain" on which they had their holdings soon took on the name "Parrett Mountain" (McArthur 1926).

Throughout the years, a variety of crops were grown on the Parrett properties including hops which led to an interesting period in the property's history when Chinese laborers came to work the hop fields. Chinese immigration into Oregon began in the late-1840s to early 1850s as early settlers began to industrialize and look for inexpensive labor. However, Chinese immigration was followed by racism discrimination with exclusion laws in 1882 effectively ending Chinese immigration for a decade. The first influx of Chinese laborers to the Parrett Mountain area arrived after the exclusion act when the Oregon and Transcontinental Railroad was built through the nearby town of Sherwood in 1885 although they may not have worked on Parrett Mountain until years later (Cornett and Smith 2008; Reynolds 2006).

On Parrett Mountain, there came to be area used by seasonal Chinese laborers and known to residents as "China Hill". Interviews with the Parrett family helped determine its approximate location. Crystal Dawn Smith Rilee, a Parrett family descendent detailed further below, remembered seeing Chinese laborers eating rice during her childhood in the early 20th century (Cornett and Smith 2008). Taking this information in hand, Portland State University and Linfield College conducted two joint archaeological field schools on the China Hill Site in 2008 and 2009. However their work was terminated during the legal proceedings before formal reporting could be completed. During the field schools, no subsurface artifacts were recovered and

all artifacts found on the surface were stored in one of the property's outbuildings (Cameron Smith, PhD, personal communication 2016).

The property stayed in the Parrett family over the years and in 1957, two different decedents of Samuel and Maria Everest Parrett applied to have their farms designated as "Century Farms" (Oregon State University 2016). The Oregon Century Farm & Ranch Program recognizes farmers and ranchers who have worked the same land for at least 100 years. The Oregon Farm Bureau Foundation for Education administers the program and funding is provided through a partnership with the Oregon Farm Bureau, Wilco, Oregon State Historic Preservation Office, and Oregon State University Libraries' University Archives. Successful applicants get several perks including: a certificate signed by the Governor; a durable metal road sign to identify the property as a historic Century Farm or Century Ranch; and the family is honored during a special ceremony and reception at the Oregon State Fair (Oregon Century Farm & Ranch Program 2016).

The two applications by two family members were made on the same date of Saturday, November 30, 1957 indicating planning and partnership on the subject between the two family members. One application, made by Bertha and Forrest, was for an 80 acre parcel of land located in the West 1/2 of the Northwest 1/4 of Section 24, Township 3 South, Range 2 West. The original owners of the land are noted as "great grandfather (to F. Smith), grandfather (to B. Parrett)" (assumed here to be Forrest Smith and Bertha Parrett) (Century Farm & Ranch Viewer 2016). The second application was made by Robert, a grandson of the original owners, for a 40 acre parcel consisting of "10 acres prunes, 7 acres grain land, 23 acres trees, pasture & buildings" located in the Southeast 1/4 of the Southwest 1/4 of Section 13, Township 3 South, Range 2 West. This second parcel was a part of the original 650 acres Parrett property, but is not located within the current holdings. Both applicants had their land awarded with the status of "Century Farm" (Figure 1).



Figure 1: "Century Farm" sign at the Parrett Mountain Property

In 1942 a portion of the Parrett property came into the hands of Crystal Dawn Smith Rilee, a great-granddaughter of Samuel and Maria Parrett. In an interview, Crystal describes her upbringing on Parrett Mountain:

I was born on Parrett Mountain on the farm I now live on. This farm is the 160 acres that originally belonged to my mother. We lived in a crudely made clapboard house. In the summer we had a crude camp house we used to keep cool down by the spring. We would also wash clothes from the creek in big iron pots to boil water with...we were poor, but we didn't know we were that poor. Once a little girl invited me to go home to spend the night with her. I didn't realize that her family was even poorer than us and I felt so bad for her when that night she did not have anything to feed me...that is when I became to appreciate that our farm always had fresh eggs and milk (Rhode 2011).

After leaving home in 1936 to work in Portland, Rilee moved about the country working for the Social Security Administration living in Baltimore, Washington D.C., and New Bern, North Carolina. After her mother passed away in 1942, Crystal returned to Parrett Mountain at which point her mother Ella's 150 acres holding passed to her. That year Crystal took a job in Seattle where she met her future husband Robert C. Rilee, a Navyman, whom she married in Newberg in 1946. In March of 1953 the couple settled on the old family farm on Parrett Mountain. Crystal was passionate about documenting her family heritage and the importance of Oregon history. In the following years, before her death in 2006, Crystal bought back much of her family's historic holdings as suburban development began to encroach on Parrett Mountain. By 2006 she had acquired 418 acres in total, a large portion of the original family's 650 acre holding (Rhode 2011).

After Crystal's passed away, her land became the property of the Crystal Dawn Smith Rilee Foundation whose mission was: *"To provide both an educational and historical outlet to the general public by preserving a turn of century Oregon farm, and at the same time preserving the history of an area that is being rapidly developed with urban growth. The foundation will provide the opportunity and location for persons to visit a working farm through exhibits, demonstrations, tours, agriculture, forestry, and the creation of an historical museum"* (Rhode 2011).

In 2008, the 150 year old Henry Parrett House was move from Newberg to Parrett Mountain. The intention was to restore the house as a centerpiece of a recreated 1860s farm, but restoration did not occur, and today the house sits in a field, 980 ft northwest of the main farm house (DJC Staff 2008). The house has been determined to be not eligible/non-contributing to the National Register of Historic Places (Oregon Historic Sites Database 2016). The property also includes various outbuildings, some of which may have historic value. In addition, the old Parrett Mountain School House sits at the far northeastern corner of the northern parcel and could provide an opportunity to learn more about life during the period from 1930-1953 although no details of the school house or its use were available at the time of this report.

In 2013, the Chehalem Park & Recreation District purchased the property and intends to continue in the spirit of the Crystal Dawn Smith Rilee foundation by maintaining ties to the historic nature of the property.

Expected Cultural Resources

Given the project area is both within ethnographic Kalapuyan territory and was the site of early pioneer settlement in the Willamette Valley in addition to containing historic immigrant labor camps, there is a high probability of archaeological sites from both pre-Euro-American contact and historic-era being present on the property. Examples of the types of archaeological sites that may be encountered within the boundaries of the Park include prehistoric lithic scatters, prehistoric short or long term habitation sites, historic dumps, historic privies, short term labor camps, and foundations from early outbuildings.

Planning Recommendations

Based on this background research and best known practices, we recommended intensive pedestrian survey with sub-surface shovel probing prior to any **ground disturbing** development. In addition, given the paucity of information in the Oregon Historic Sites Database, an architectural historian should formally evaluate any buildings over 45 years of age currently located on the property before further modifications are made. Furthermore, should any formal interpretive material be made available to the public in the future (e.g. interpretive signs, on-site museum), it is recommended that the various historic elements of the property's history be further investigated to provide the best possible material. Possible resources for research and further work on this project include: the Yamhill County Historical Society, Oregon Historical Society, Multnomah County Library System, Washington County Library System, and the Yamhill County Library System in addition to ethnographic interviews with any Parrett family decedents or people that have a history in the Parrett Mountain area. The Confederated Tribes of Grand Ronde should also be consulted with regarding any information on the cultural importance of Parrett Mountain to the Kalapuya.

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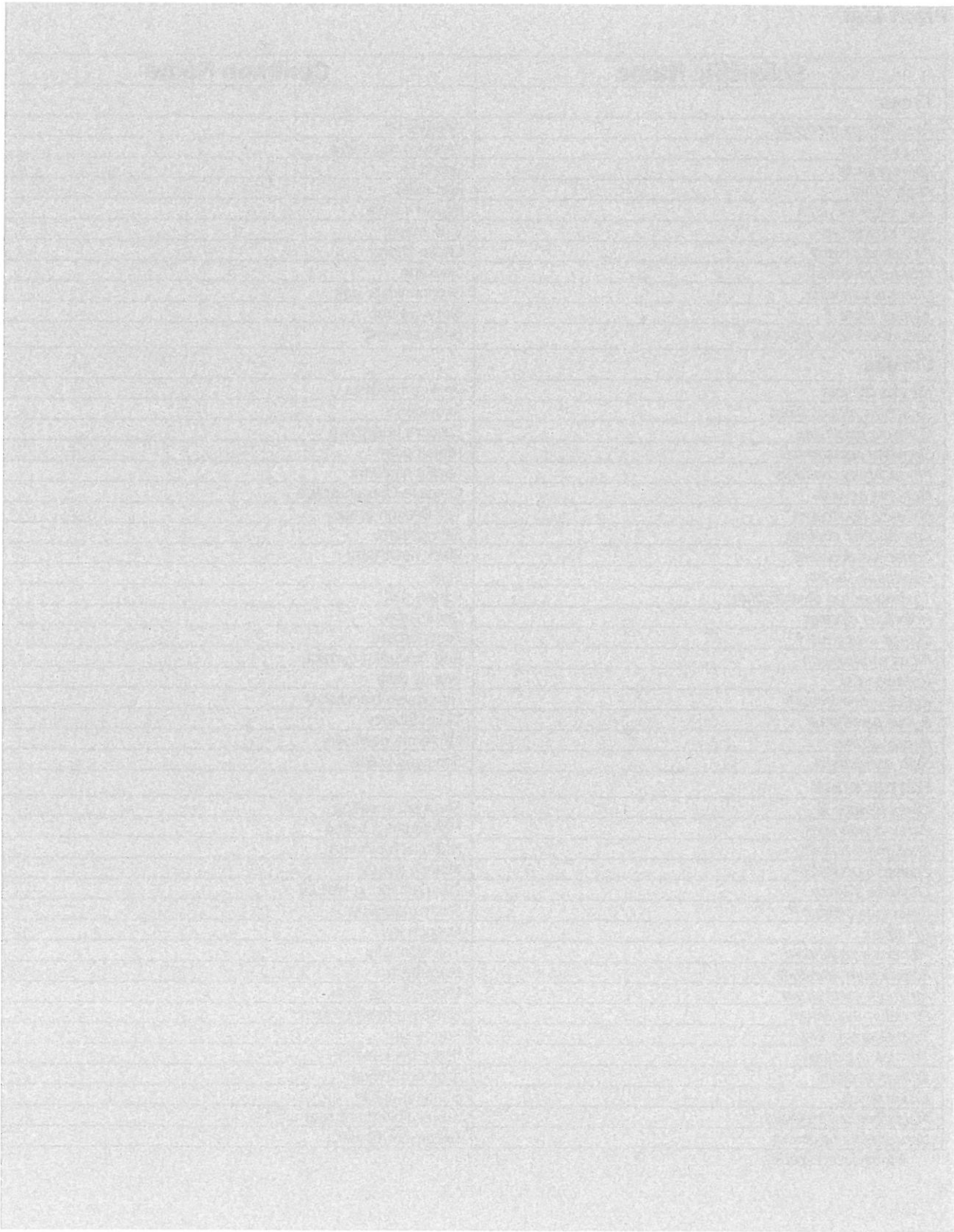
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Plant List

Scientific Name	Common Name
Trees:	
<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>	Douglas fir
<i>Thuja plicata</i>	Western red cedar
<i>Abies grandis</i>	Grand fir
<i>Alnus rubra</i>	Red alder
<i>Acer macrophyllum</i>	Bigleaf maple
<i>Acer circinatum</i>	Vine maple
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	Choke cherry
<i>Arbutus menziesii</i>	Madrone
<i>Quercus garryana</i>	Oregon white oak
<i>Juglans nigra</i> *	Black walnut
<i>Sequoiadendron gigantea</i> *	Giant sequoia
Shrubs	
<i>Corylus cornuta</i>	Beaked hazelnut
<i>Symphoricarpos albus</i>	Snowberry
<i>Frangula purshiana</i>	Cascara buckthorn
<i>Oemleria cerasiformis</i>	Indian plum
<i>Physocarpus capitatus</i>	Pacific ninebark
<i>Mahonia nervosa</i>	Cascade Oregon grape
<i>Mahonia aquifolium</i>	Tall Oregon grape
<i>Amelanchier alnifolia</i>	Serviceberry
<i>Crataegus douglasii</i>	Black hawthorn
<i>Gaultheria shallon</i>	Salal
<i>Toxicodendron diversilobum</i>	Poison oak
<i>Holodiscus discolor</i>	Oceanspray
<i>Cytisus scoparius</i> *	Scots broom
<i>Ribes sanguineum</i>	Red flowering currant
<i>Rosa woodsii</i>	Woods rose
<i>Rubus armeniacus</i> *	Himalayan blackberry
<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	Thimbleberry
<i>Rubus ursinus</i>	California dewberry
<i>Salix scouleriana</i>	Scouler's willow
Herbaceous	
<i>Carex leptopoda</i>	Short scale sedge
<i>Carex hendersonii</i>	Henderson's sedge
<i>Cardamine nuttallii</i>	Nuttall's toothwort
<i>Claytonia perfoliata</i>	Miner's lettuce
<i>Claytonia sibirica</i>	Siberian spring-beauty
<i>Geranium lucidum</i> *	Shiny geranium
<i>Iris tenax</i>	Oregon iris
<i>Mertensia paniculata</i>	Tall bluebells
<i>Polystichum munitum</i>	Swordfern
<i>Athyrium cyclosorum</i>	Western lady fern
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>	Northern bracken fern
<i>Tellima grandiflora</i>	Fringecup
<i>Tolmiea menziesii</i>	Piggy-back plant
<i>Trillium ovatum</i>	Western trillium
<i>Urtica dioica</i>	Stinging nettle
<i>Maianthemum stellatum</i>	Starry Solomon's seal
<i>Vancouveria hexandra</i>	Inside-out flower

*Introduced species

